

## Open and Honest Care in your Local Hospital



The *Open and Honest Care: Driving Improvement* programme aims to support organisations to become more transparent and consistent in publishing safety, experience and improvement data; with the overall aim of improving care, practice and culture.

Report for:

**Blackpool Teaching Hospitals  
NHS Foundation Trust**

August 2018

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# Open and Honest Care at Blackpool Teaching Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust: August 2018

This report is based on information from July 2018. The information is presented in three key categories: safety, experience and improvement. This report will also signpost you towards additional information about Blackpool Teaching Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust's performance.

## 1. SAFETY

### NHS Safety thermometer

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On one day each month we check to see how many of our patients suffered certain types of harm whilst in our care. We call this the safety thermometer. The safety thermometer looks at four harms: pressure ulcers, falls, blood clots and urine infections for those patients who have a urinary catheter in place. This helps us to understand where we need to make improvements. The score below shows the percentage of patients who did not experience any harms.

**91.3% of patients did not experience any of the four harms whilst an in patient in our hospital**

**88.3% of patients did not experience any of the four harms whilst we were providing their care in the community setting**

**Overall 89.4% of patients did not experience any of the four harms in this trust.**

For more information, including a breakdown by category, please visit:

<http://www.safetythermometer.nhs.uk/>

### Health care associated infections (HCAIs)

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HCAIs are infections acquired as a result of healthcare interventions. Clostridium difficile (C.difficile) and methicillin-resistant staphylococcus aureus (MRSA) bacteremia are the most common. C.difficile is a type of bacterial infection that can affect the digestive system, causing diarrhoea, fever and painful abdominal cramps - and sometimes more serious complications. The bacteria does not normally affect healthy people, but because some antibiotics remove the 'good bacteria' in the gut that protect against C.difficile, people on these antibiotics are at greater risk.

The MRSA bacteria is often carried on the skin and inside the nose and throat. It is a particular problem in hospitals because if it gets into a break in the skin it can cause serious infections and blood poisoning. It is also more difficult to treat than other bacterial infections as it is resistant to a number of widely-used antibiotics.

We have a zero tolerance policy to infections and are working towards eradicating them; part of this process is to set improvement targets. If the number of actual cases is greater than the target then we have not improved enough. The table below shows the number of infections we have had this month, plus the improvement target and results for the year to date.

Patients in hospital setting	C.difficile	MRSA
<b>This month</b>	4	0
<b>Trust Improvement target (year to date)</b>	10 per quarter	0
<b>Actual to date</b>	17	0

For more information please visit:

[www.bfwh.nhs.uk](http://www.bfwh.nhs.uk)

## Pressure ulcers

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Pressure ulcers are localised injuries to the skin and/or underlying tissue as a result of pressure. They are sometimes known as bedsores. They can be classified into four categories, with one being the least severe and four being the most severe. **The pressure ulcers reported are from spot prevalence and include avoidable/unavoidable pressure ulcers that were obtained at any time during a hospital admission or under the care of community services that were not present on initial assessment.**

This month 9 Category 2 - Category 4 validated pressure ulcers were acquired during Acute hospital stay and 7 in the community.

Severity	Number of Pressure Ulcers in our Acute Hospital setting	Number of pressure ulcers in our Adult and Long Term Conditions Community setting
Category 2	9	5
Category 3	0	0
Category 4	0	2

In the hospital setting, so that we know if we are improving, even if the number of patients we are caring for goes up or down, we calculate an average called 'rate per 1,000 occupied bed days'. This allows us to compare our improvement over time, but cannot be used to compare us with other hospitals, as their staff may report pressure ulcers in different ways, and their patients may be more or less vulnerable to developing pressure ulcers than our patients. For example, other hospitals may have younger or older patient populations, who are more or less mobile, or are undergoing treatment for different illnesses.

Rate per 1,000 bed days: 0.35 Hospital Setting

In the community setting we also calculate an average called 'rate per 10,000 CCG population'. This allows us to compare our improvement over time, but cannot be used to compare us with other community services as staff may report pressure ulcers in different ways, and patients may be more or less vulnerable to developing pressure ulcers than our patients. For example, our community may have younger or older patient populations, who are more or less mobile, or are undergoing treatment for different illnesses.

Rate per 10,000 Population: 0.016 Adult and Long Term Conditions

## Falls

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This measure includes all falls in the hospital that resulted in injury, categorised as moderate, severe or death, regardless of cause. **This includes avoidable and unavoidable falls sustained at any time during the hospital admission. Falls within the community setting are not included in this report.**

This month we reported 3 fall(s) that caused at least 'moderate' harm.

Severity	Number of falls
Moderate	3
Severe	0
Death	0

So we can know if we are improving even if the number of patients we are caring for goes up or down, we also calculate an average called 'rate per 1,000 occupied bed days'. This allows us to compare our improvement over time, but cannot be used to compare us with other hospitals, as their staff may report falls in different ways, and their patients may be more or less vulnerable to falling than our patients. For example, other hospitals may have younger or older patient populations, who are more or less mobile, or are undergoing treatment for different illnesses.

Rate per 1,000 bed days: 0.12

## 2. EXPERIENCE

### Patient experience

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Responses are received against questions that feature in the Listeners survey. The Patient Experience team continue to assist each Division in improving their responses to questions asked. Improvement is measured and reported back to the Division by the use of our Listeners.

The results shown here are for quarter 2, April to June 2018. These will be updated for quarter 3 2018 in October.

We asked 418 patients in the hospital the following questions:

Score

Were you involved as much as you wanted to be in the decisions about your care and treatment?

80%

How much information on your diagnosis/condition or treatment has been given to you?

77%

Do you feel you have been treated with respect and dignity on the ward?

96%

Have you been able to find a member of staff to talk to about your worries and fears?

88%

### Staff experience

We asked 8 staff the following questions:

Score

I would recommend this ward/unit as a place to work

100%

I would recommend the standard of care on this ward/unit to a friend or relative if they needed treatment

100%

I am satisfied with the quality of care I give to the patients, carers and their families

100%

The scores are calculated as the number of 'Strongly Agree' + 'Agree' responses divided by the total number of responses (Strongly agree, agree, neither agree nor disagree, disagree, strongly disagree)

### A patient's story

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I attended for a shoulder op 3/8/18 with a consultant and his team, a day case, I was met with great admin staff, nurses, doctors and anaesthetists. The process and waiting time from check in to theatre was 5 hours. All staff were professional, kind, caring, thoughtful and amazing with a sense of humor too (which is always a positive for me). The hospital is clean and despite the situation a pleasant place. I was then placed in recovery on ward 16 (surgical ward), staff again were professional, kind and humorous attending to all my post op needs. Thank you to all involved. The NHS is amazing and I don't know what we in society would do without you. Thanks again ladies and gents.

Care Opinion:- <https://www.careopinion.org.uk/opinions/568876>

## 3. IMPROVEMENT

### Improvement story: we are listening to our patients and making changes

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**Issue:** The toilets on the Stroke Unit did not support independence for patients who had had a stroke.

**Action:** The stroke unit unveiled the new enhanced toileting facilities funded by Blue Skies Hospitals Fund today. This new technology assisted toilet is designed to support patients receiving care in the stroke unit for effective washing and drying. This translates to enhanced patient experience while improving patient safety, independence and dignity. This is the first stroke unit in the country to install this special toilet.

### Supporting information